

Webinar EU Forest Strategy 2030 Mapping EU Primary and Old-growth forests

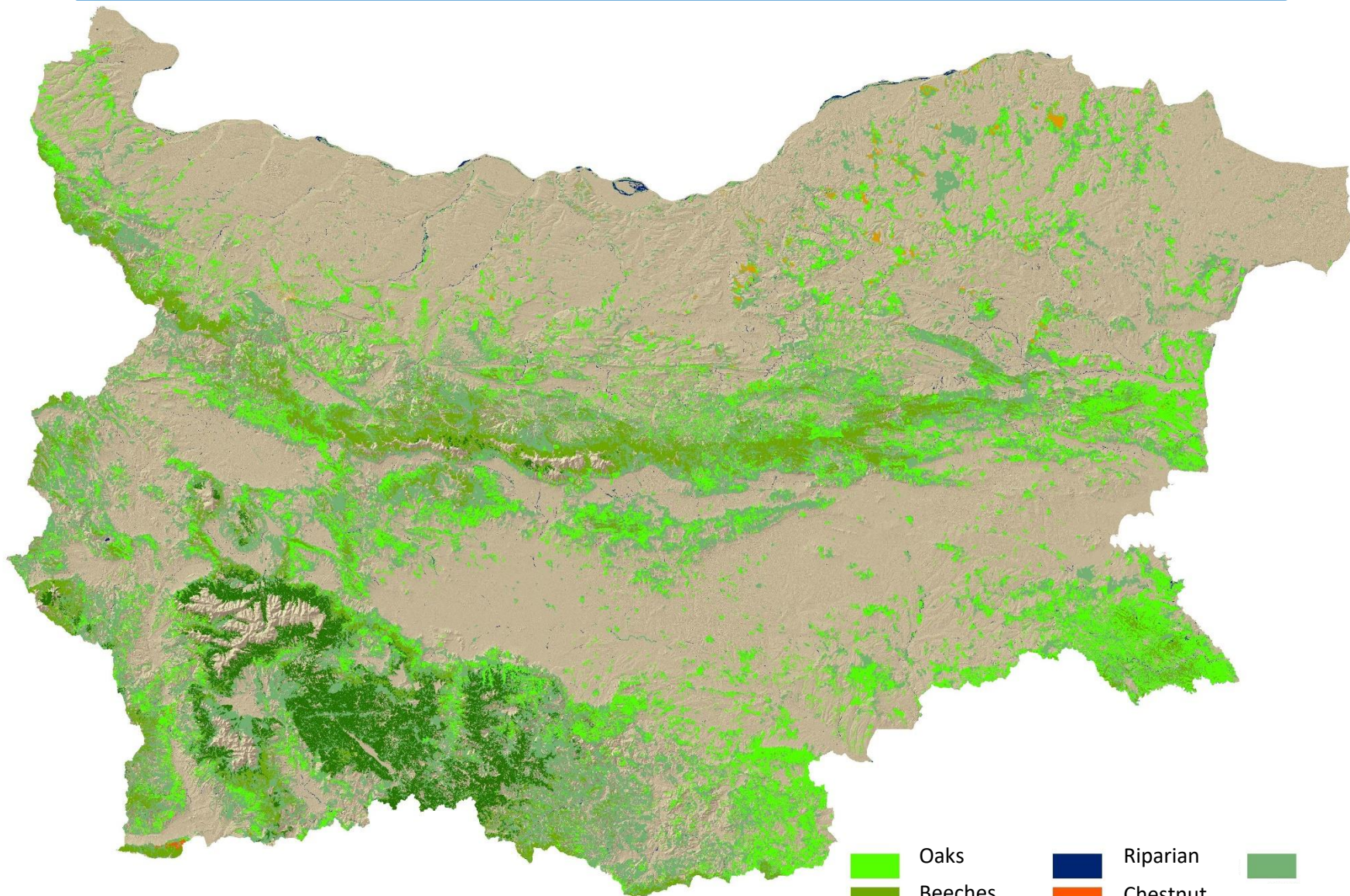
Where is Bulgaria toward 2024

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Current distribution of forests in Bulgaria



- | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---|----------|---|---------------------------|
|  | Oaks |  | Riparian |  | Others, incl. plantations |
|  | Beeches |  | Chestnut | | |
|  | Coniferous |  | Limes | | |

Current distribution of forests in Bulgaria

Approximated data for 2020 (no NFI yet)

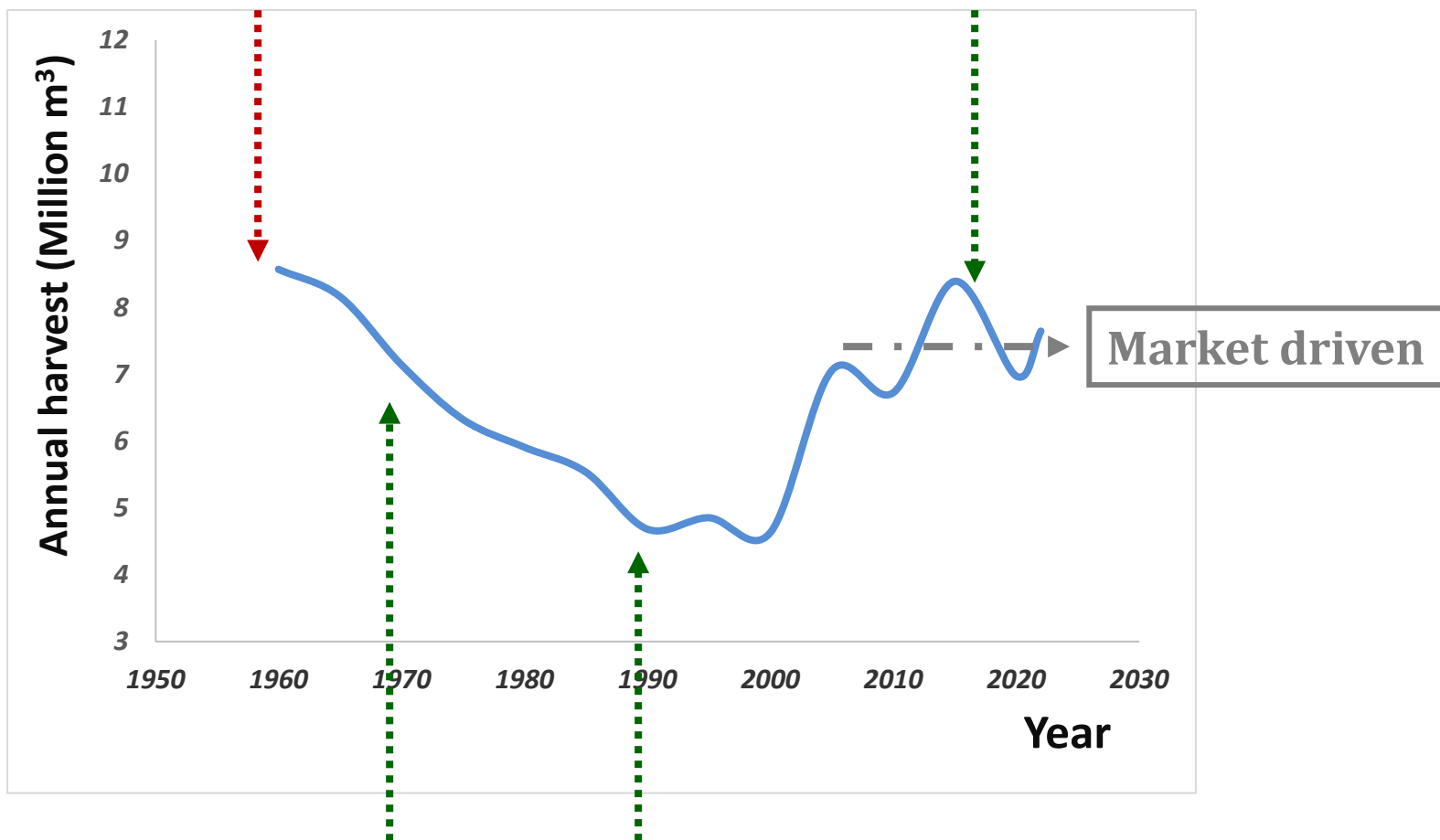
- ✓ Total forested area (TFA): 3.896 Mil. ha
- ✓ Total growing stock (TGS): 718 Mil. m³
- ✓ Average growing stock per ha: 184 m³/ha



What happened during last 70 years (official data)

Bulgaria pays reparations to neighbor countries

109 kha designated for old-growth by MA



1968–1988 – Bulgaria imported wood from Komi Republic (Russia)

Species dominating old-growth forests

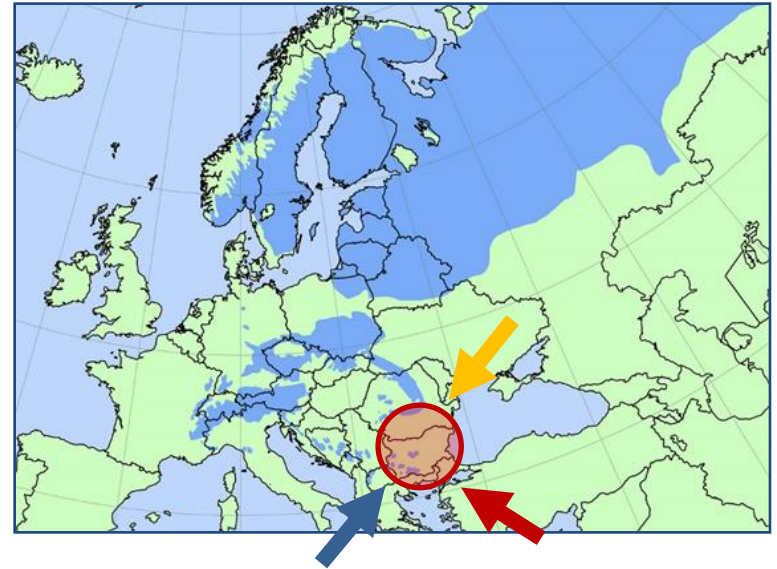
Most common: *F. sylvatica*

Common: *P. abies*, *A. alba*, *P. nigra*

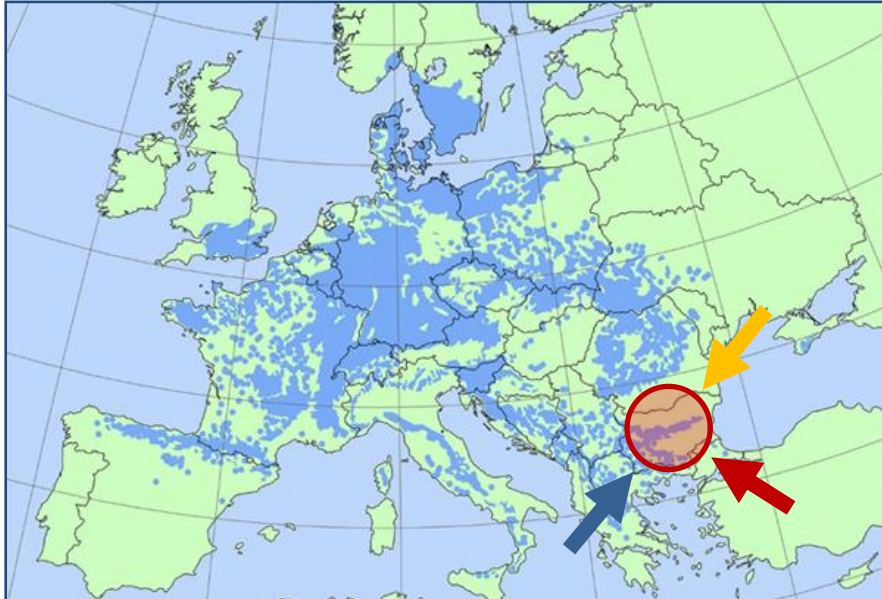
Rare: *F. orientalis*, *Q. petraea*

*Strong effects of climate change,
incl. dry and hot waves and storms*

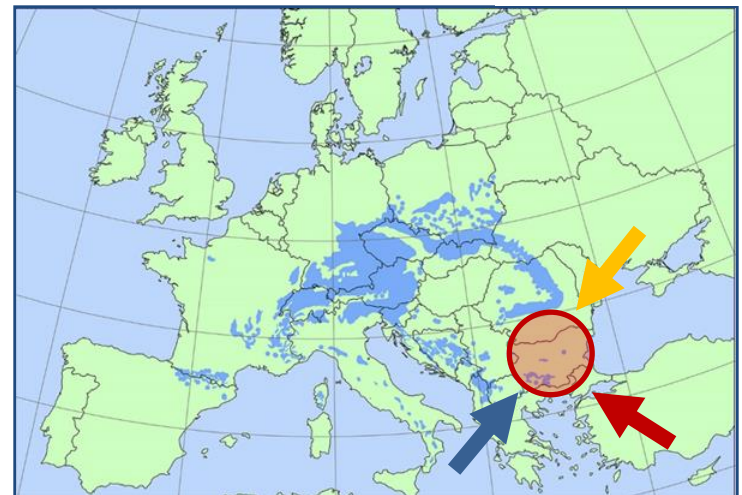
Picea abies



Fagus sylvatica



Abies alba



Clarify our general vision of what old-growth/primary forest should be

Steps:

1. Identification of list of parameters to define old-growthness
2. Elaboration of thresholds for each parameter, incl. elaboration of Index of growthness

Clarify our general vision of what old-growth/primary forest should be

1. Identification of list of parameters to define old-growthness

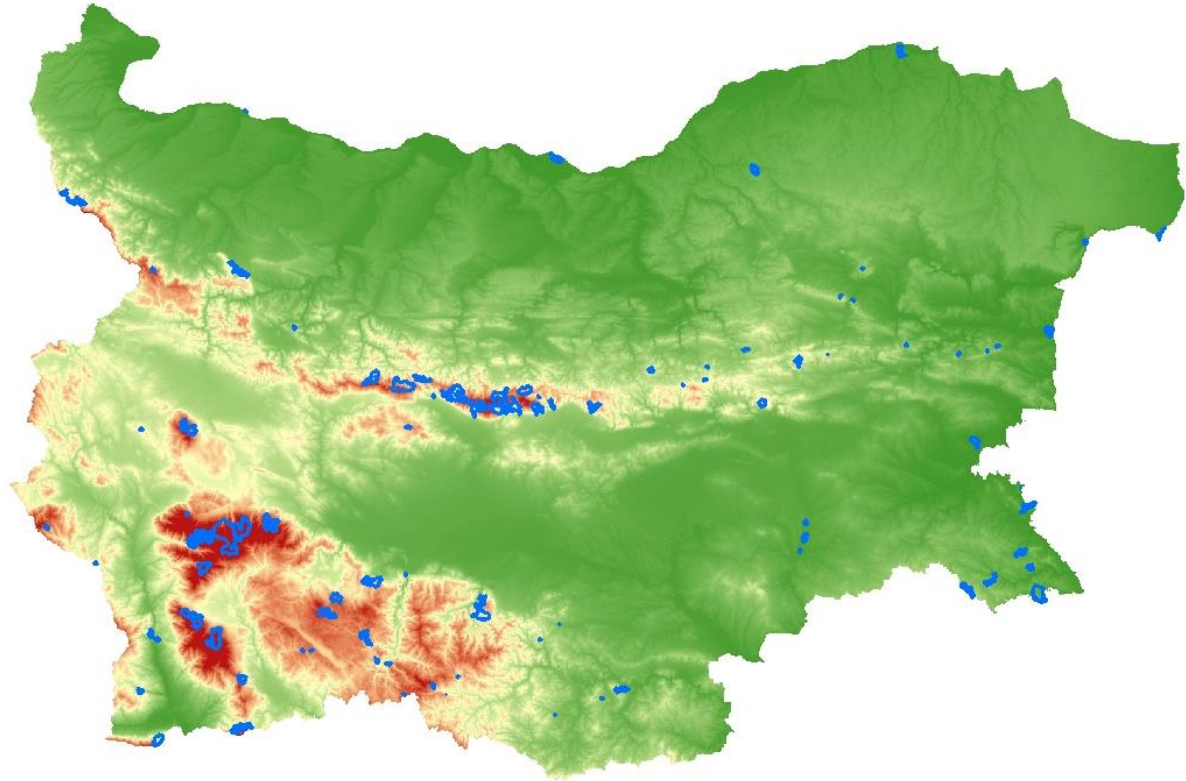
- Presence of large trees
- Diameter distribution
- Spatial structure
- Accumulation of dead organic matter
- Lack of signs of management

Clarify our general vision of what old-growth/primary forest should be

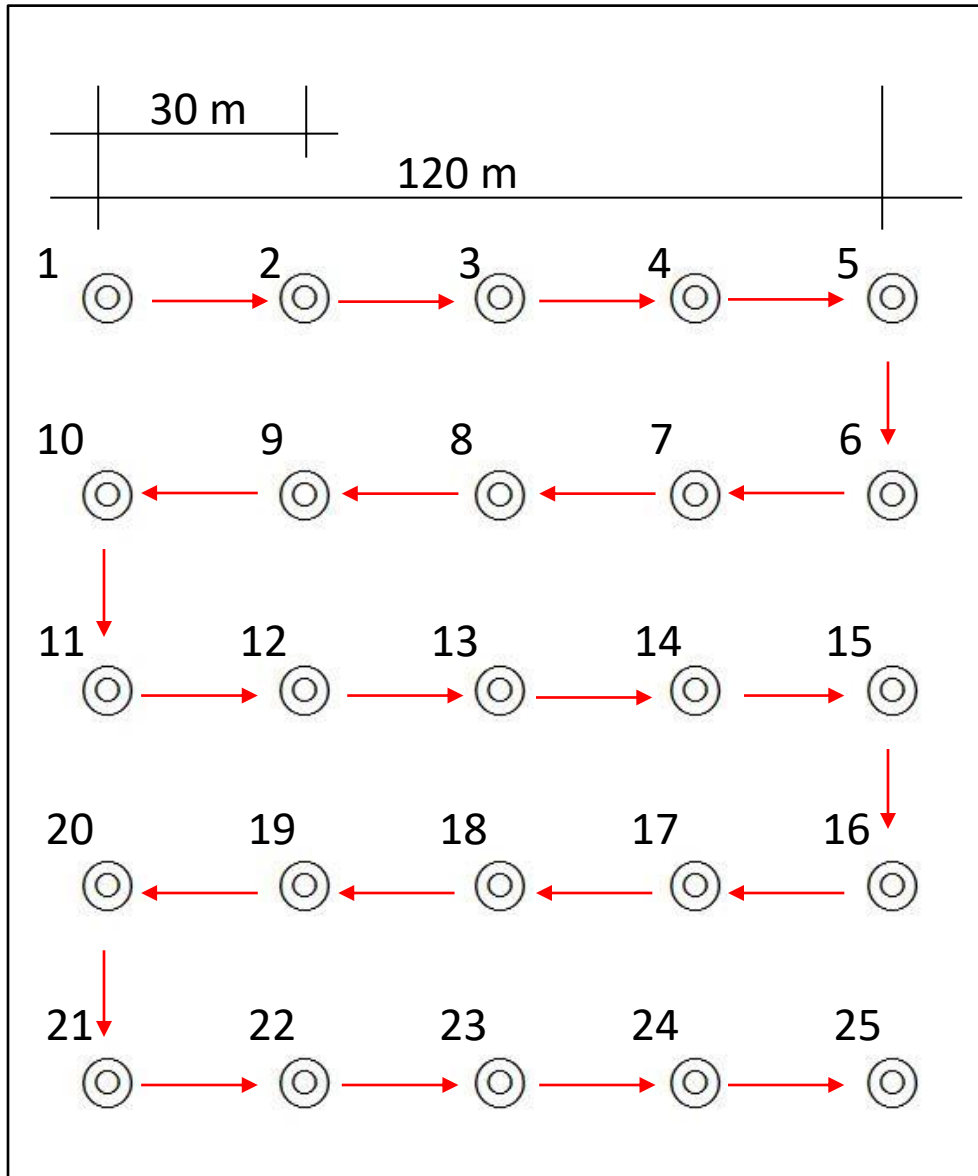
1. Elaboration of thresholds for each parameter

- Measurements in forest reserves, containing the most valuable old-growth/primary forests.

First reserve in Bulgaria was established 1931 (Silkosiya)



Sample plot design



Plot scale

Big circle 100 m²;

- Site
- DBH trees
- Dead wood

Small circle 25 m²;

- regeneration stratum

Stand scale

- DBH and height of selected trees

Elaboration of thresholds for each parameter

Presence of large trees

at least 25 trees per ha with diameter above 70 cm for *P. abies* and *A. alba*

at least 15 trees per ha with diameter above 70 cm for *F. sylvatica* and *Q. robur*

at least 15 trees per ha with diameter above 62 cm for *Pinus sp.*, *Q. petraea* and *Q. frainetto* forests

Diameter distribution

Gradual reduction of the number of trees with the diameter

increase, diameter distribution often resembling rotated sigmoid curve

Spatial structure

Heterogeneous spatial structure on predominating part of the forest territory with presence of natural gaps and regeneration in different development phases

Accumulation of dead organic matter

Presence of standing and fallen dead trees in different wood decomposition classes with accumulation of coarse woody debris of at least $80 \text{ m}^3\text{ha}^{-1}$ for *P. abies* and *A. alba* forests, $60 \text{ m}^3\text{ha}^{-1}$ for *F. sylvatica* and $40 \text{ m}^3\text{ha}^{-1}$ for *Quercus sp.* and *Pinus sp.*

Lack of signs of management

Lack of signs of management activities in the past

Index for identification and evaluation of old-growth forests in Bulgaria

Main points

Presence of large trees

at least 25 trees per ha with diameter above 70 cm for *P. abies* and *A. alba*

at least 15 trees per ha with diameter above 70 cm for *F. sylvatica* and *Q. robur*

at least 15 trees per ha (62 cm for *Pinus* sp., *Q. robur* and *Q. frainetto* forests)

D.

Gr

inc

Sp

He

wi

Ac

Pr

cla

ab

and *Pinus* sp

НАУКА ЗА ГОРАТА, КН. 1/2, 2013

FOREST SCIENCE, No 1/2, 2013

ИНДЕКС ЗА ИДЕНТИФИКАЦИЯ И КОМПЛЕКСНА ОЦЕНКА НА ГОРИ ВЪВ ФАЗА НА СТАРОСТ В БЪЛГАРИЯ

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Lack of signs of management

Lack of signs of management activities in the past

Mapping of old-growth forests in state owned forests (2013-2016) WWF plus experts from IBER and FRI

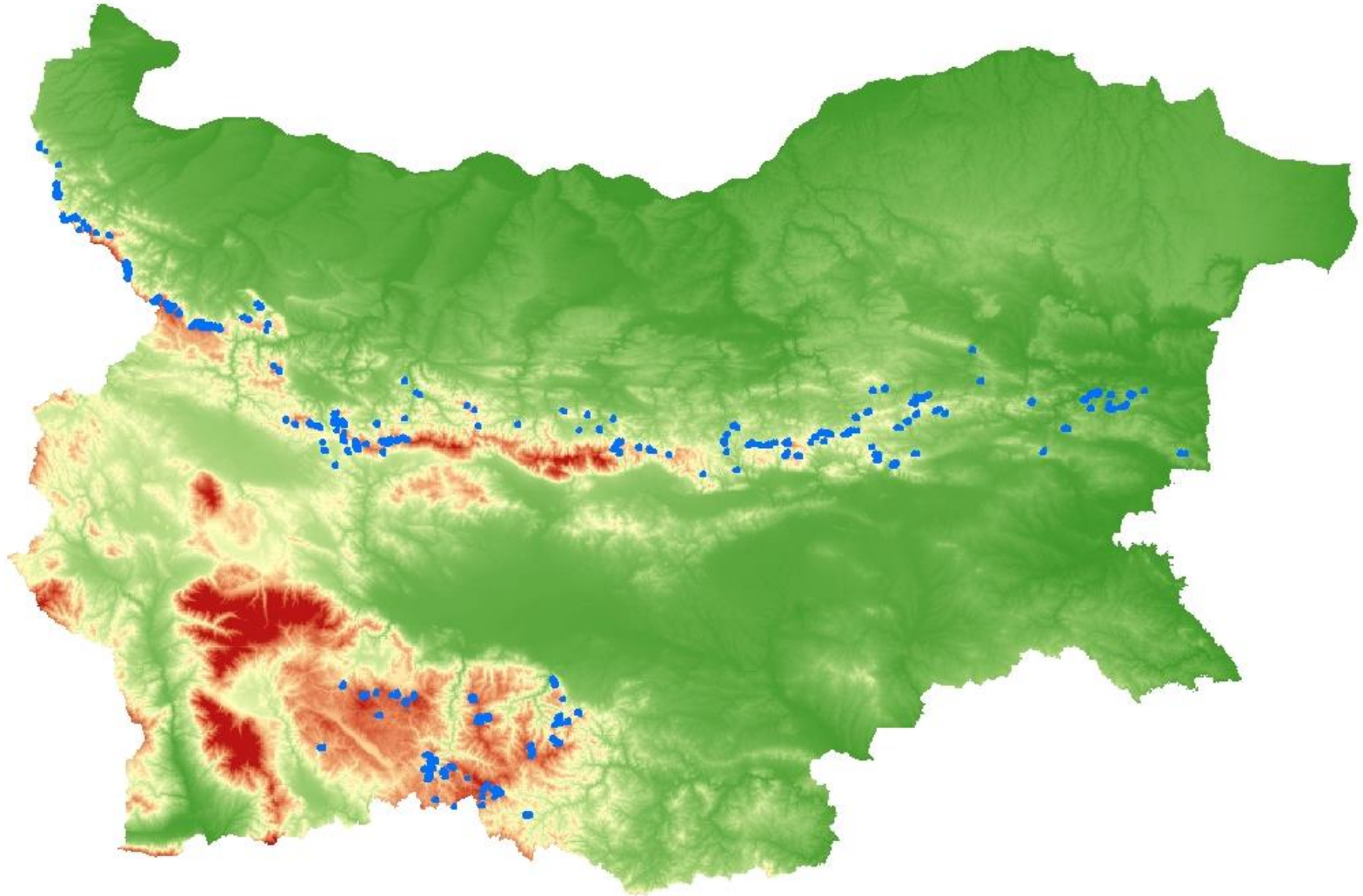
Step 1: Selection of potential old-growth candidates

- Data from FMPs (current and old) & Orthophoto and satellite imageries
- More than 300 potential locations across Bulgaria initially selected, based on age, topography, landscape, accessibility (roads) and area (≥ 30 -40 ha)

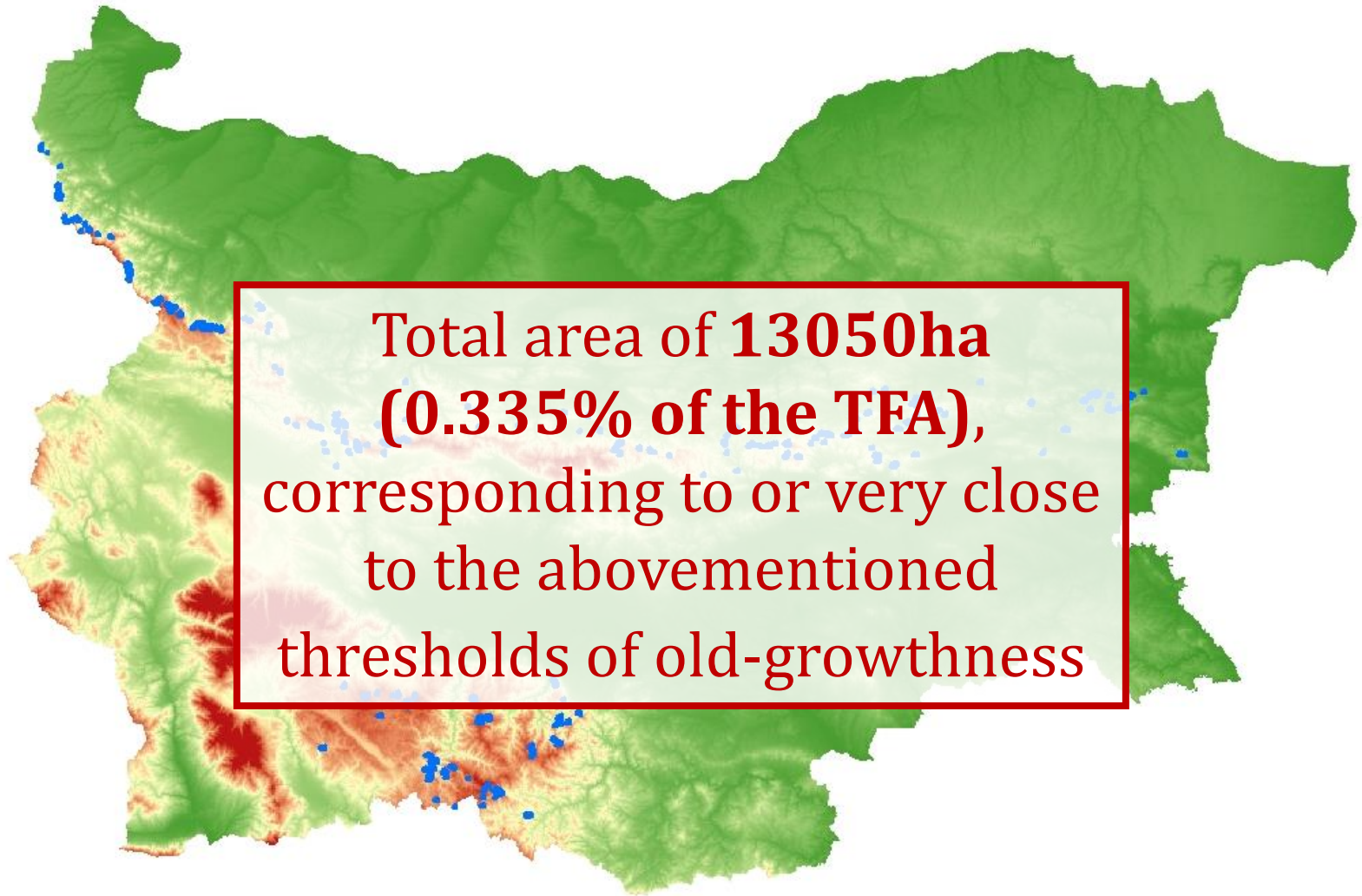
Step 2: On the field verification

- Visual observation of potential candidates
- Measurement of stand structural parameters

Selection of potential forests to be proposed for protection as old-growth

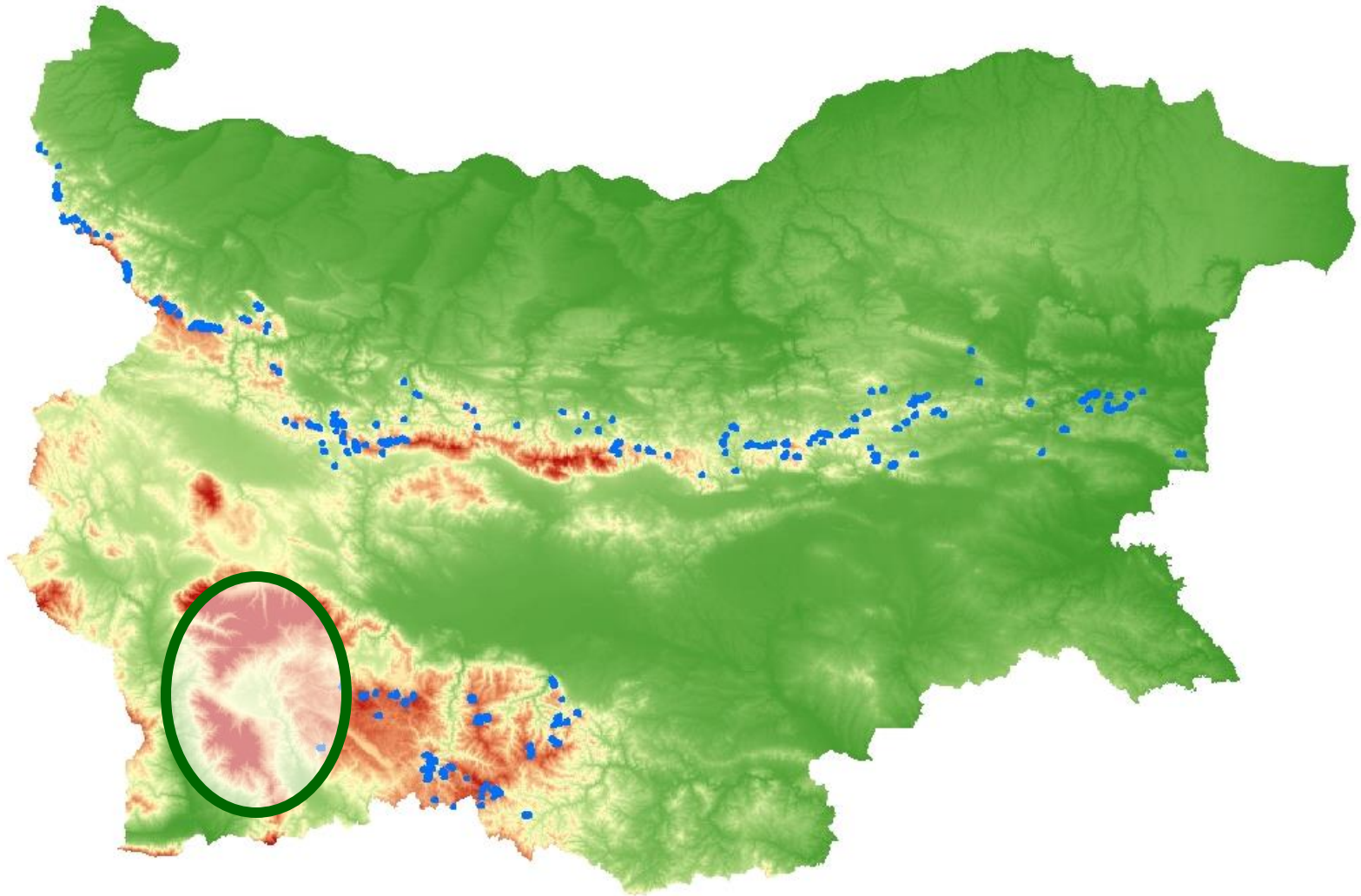


Selection of potential forests to be proposed for protection as old-growth



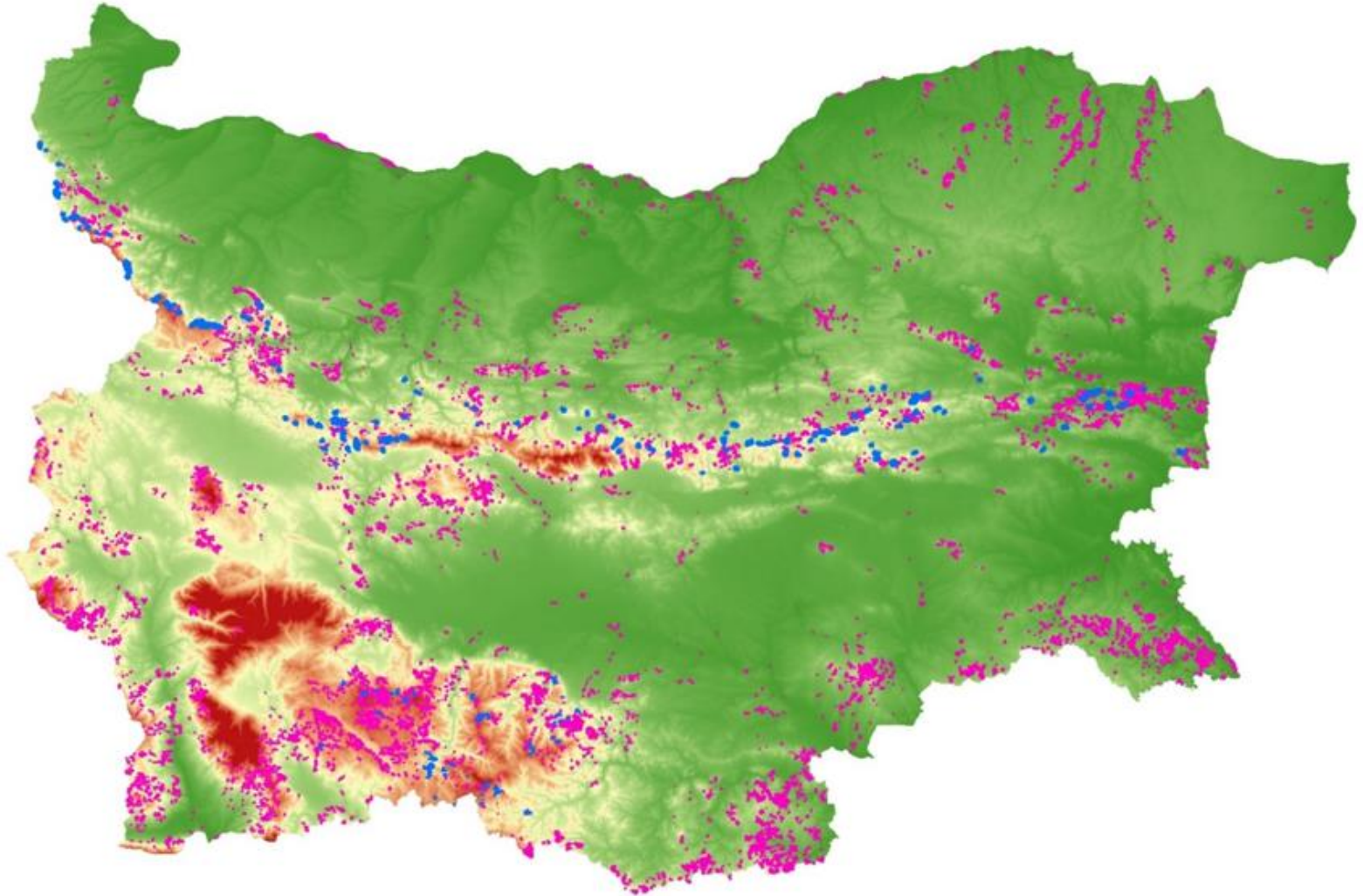
Total area of **13050ha**
(0.335% of the TFA),
corresponding to or very close
to the abovementioned
thresholds of old-growthness

Selection of potential forests to be proposed for protection as old-growth

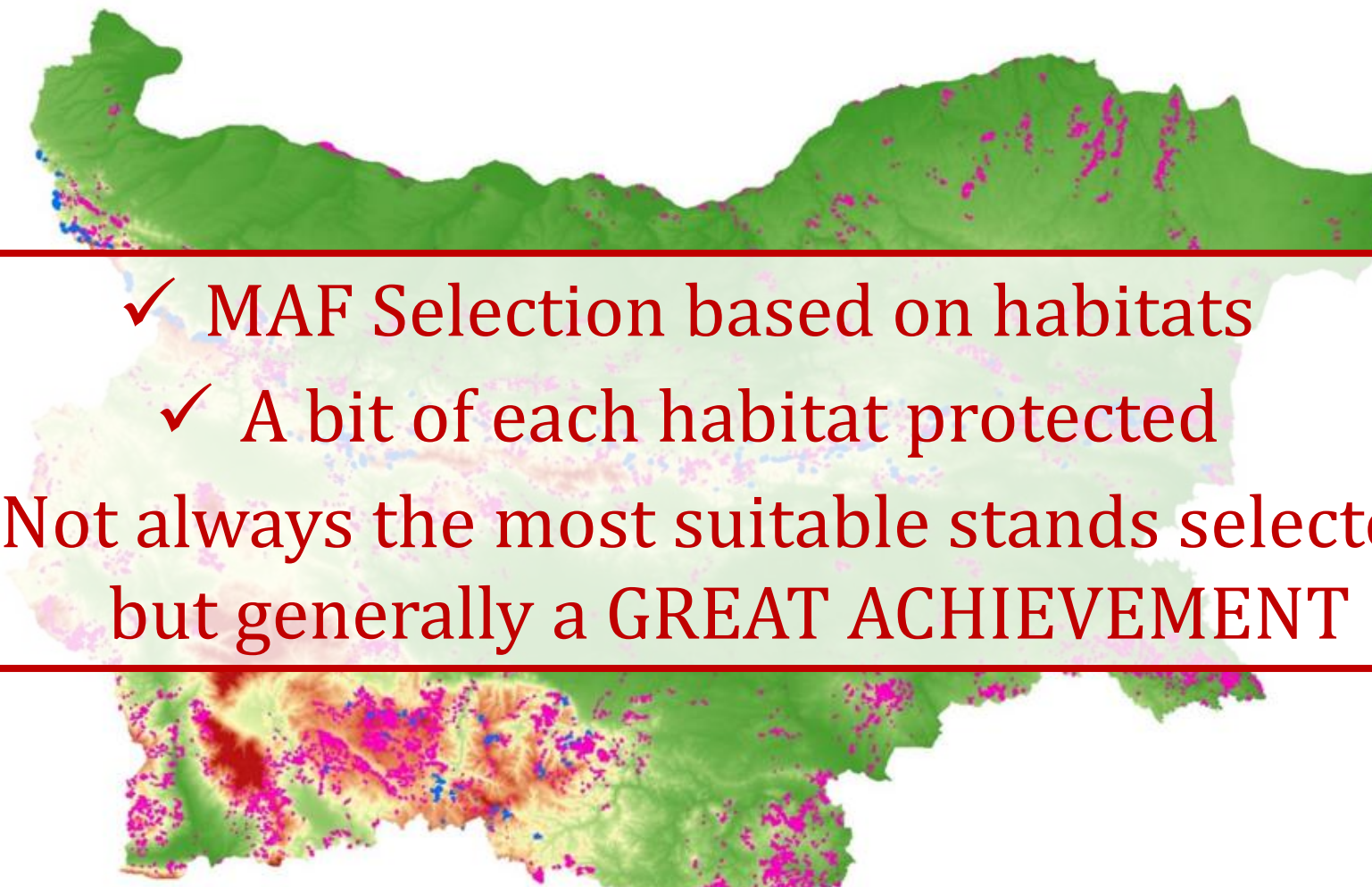


SW Bulgaria – Two NP (Rila & Pirin)

In 2016 MA designated 109kha for old-growth forests (OGF) (order of the minister № РД 49-493)
Approx. 10% of the state forests in Natura 2000



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- 
- A map of Russia showing forest distribution and protected areas. The map is color-coded: green for forested areas, yellow and orange for higher elevations or specific forest types, and purple and blue for protected areas. A red-bordered box is overlaid on the map, containing three bullet points.
- ✓ MAF Selection based on habitats
 - ✓ A bit of each habitat protected
 - ✓ Not always the most suitable stands selected, but generally a GREAT ACHIEVEMENT

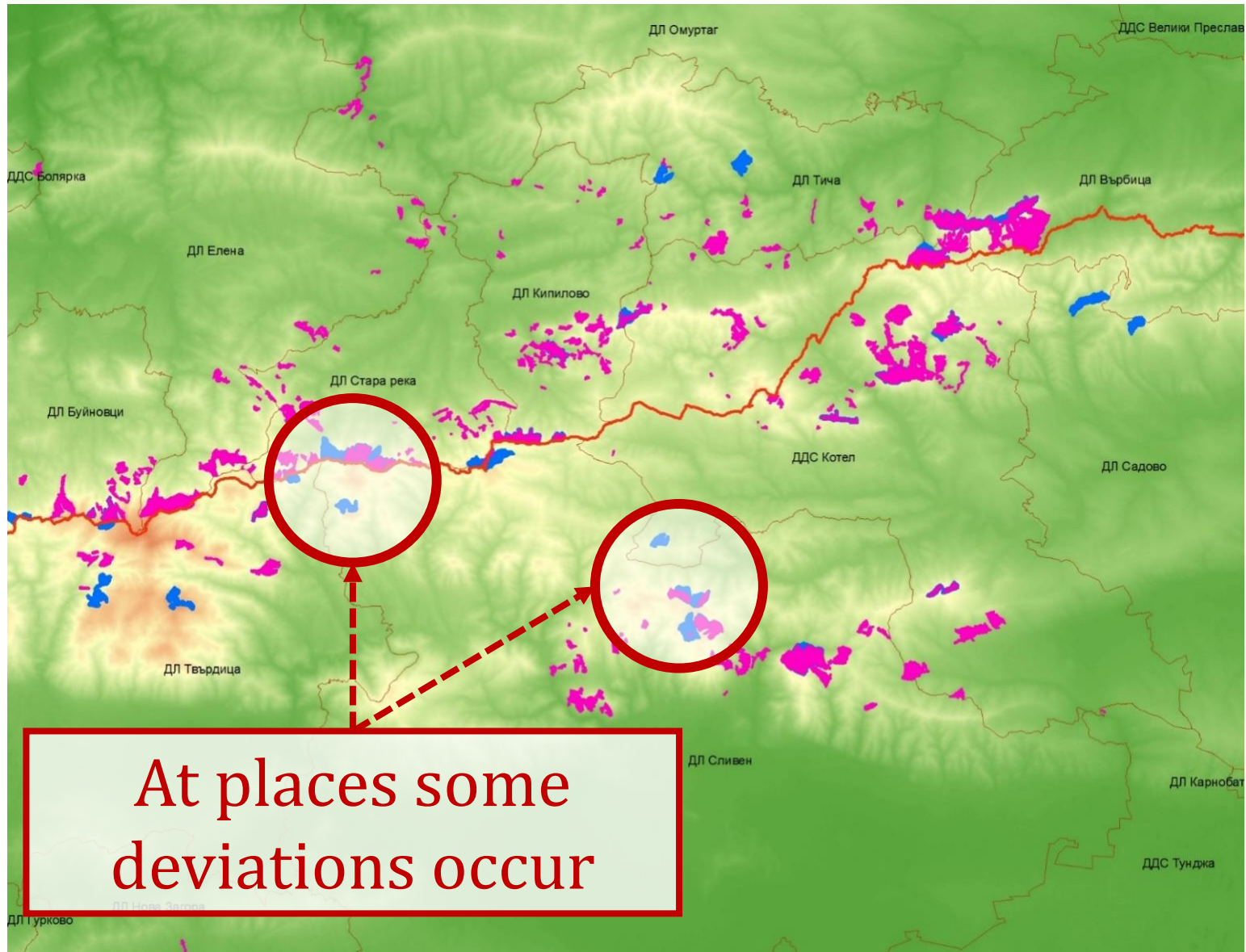
In 2016 MA designated 109kha for old-growth forests (OGF) (order of the minister № РД 49-493)
Approx. 10% of the state forests in Natura 2000

A map of the Republic of Armenia showing forest distribution. The map is color-coded, with green representing forested areas and other colors (yellow, orange, red, purple) representing different types of land or forest conditions. A red-bordered box is overlaid on the map, containing text about potential threats to old-growth forests.

Potential threats:

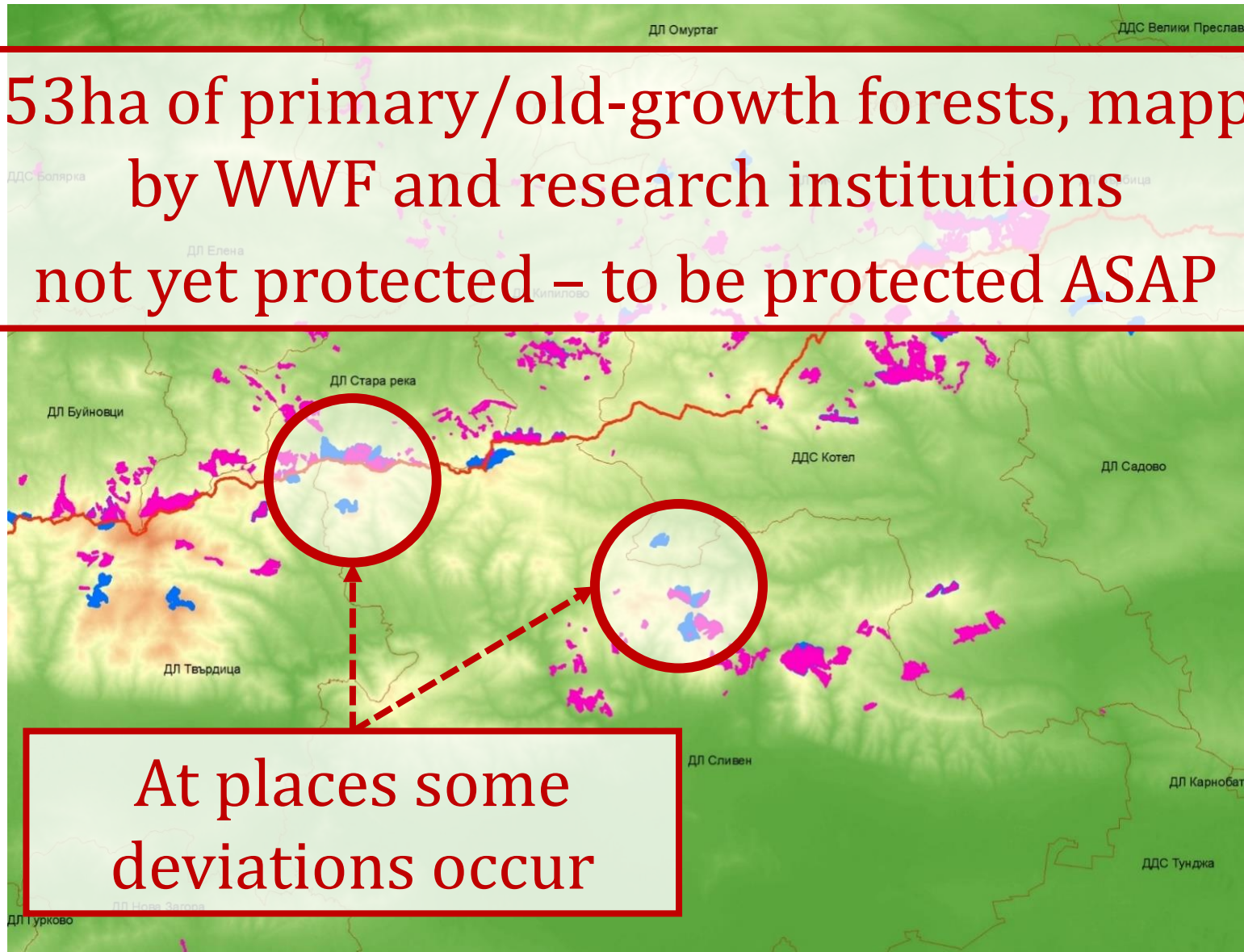
- ✓ Salvage cuttings
- ✓ Illegal cuts
- ✓ Change of status
- ✓ ... other issues ...

Intersection between MA and WWF OGF



Intersection between MA and WWF OGF

4553ha of primary/old-growth forests, mapped by WWF and research institutions not yet protected – to be protected ASAP



At places some deviations occur

Mapping of old-growth forests in municipality owned forests (2017-2020) WWF plus experts from IBER and FRI

Step 1: Selection of potential old-growth candidates

- Data from FMPs (current and old) & Orthophoto and satellite imageries
- More than 150 potential locations selected, based on age, topography, landscape, accessibility (roads) and area (**≥20-25 ha**)

Step 2: On the field verification

- Visual observation of potential candidates
- **No measurement, only expert evaluation**

Mapping of old-growth forests in municipality owned forests (2017-2020) WWF plus experts from IBER and FRI

Step 1: Selection of potential old-growth candidates

- Data from FMPs (current and old) & Orthophoto and satellite imageries **8192.3 ha out of 521000ha**
 - More than 150 potential locations selected based on age, topography, landscape, accessibility (roads) and area ($\geq 20-25$ ha) **(1,6% of municipality owned forests)**
- proposed for protection as OGF**

Step 2: On the field verification

- Visual examination of potential candidates
 - **No measurements in Bulgaria were selected**
- Only 11 Municipalities accepted protection**

What we have achieved by now

- Strict reserves – 81481.65ha, of them 70217.47ha forests (2.09% or 1.8% of Total forested area)
- Designated for old-growth forests (OGF) by MA – 109000ha, (2.8% Total forested area)
- Non-managed forests only in National parks ??? (MEW)
- Forests in other protected territories with strict conservation status ??? (MEW)

Where is the potential

- We propose **all 13050ha primary/old-growth forests**, mapped by WWF and research institutions (0.335% of the TFA) **to be declared as protected sites** and this to be **initiated by MEW**. Maps, list of stands and measurements in these forests have already been officially submitted by the scientific council of the Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences and by WWF to MOW and MA.
- **4553ha** of abovementioned mapped primary/old-growth forests not yet protected. **We recommend for these to be protected ASAP**. We are ready to further help, e.g. defining the stands that have not been declared as OGS by MF yet.
- Majority of municipality owned old-growth forests, mapped by WWF and research institutions not yet protected - 51 Municipalities.

Thank you for the attention

